I am learning to relate grouping (in division) to repeated subtraction Circle the groups of equal numbers then cross off (as if subtracting) the groups.

Example $20 \div 2=10$
There are 20 stars, I need to group (or repeatedly subtract) 2 at a time.
How many groups of 2 did I have to cross out so that there were none left?

$16 \div 4=$

$12 \div 3=$

$18 \div 2=$

$12 \div 4=$


Start at the whole number and count back in steps of 2, 5 or 10. $10 \div 2=5$

$15 \div 5=$

$22 \div 2=$

$30 \div 5=$

$18 \div 2=$

$25 \div 5=$

$30 \div 10=$


Division by using repeated subtraction.
Once you have subtracted all the way to zero, count how many calculations you had to do (groups).

| Example $12 \div 2=6$ | $16 \div 4=$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $12-2=10 \quad 6-2=4$ |  |
| $10-2=8 \quad 4-2=2$ |  |
| $8-2=6-2=0$ |  |
| How many groups? 6 |  |
| $15 \div 3=$ | $10 \div 5=$ |
| $12 \div 3=$ | $12 \div 4=$ |
| $15 \div 5=$ | $20 \div 5=$ |
| $20 \div 2=$ | $24 \div 6=$ |

