# Reasoning and Problem Solving Step 3: Compare Angles

### National Curriculum Objectives:

Mathematics Year 3: (3G4a) Recognise that angles are a property of a shape or a description of a turn

Mathematics Year 3: (3G4b) <u>Identify right angles</u>, recognise that two right angles make a half turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; <u>identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle</u>

#### Differentiation:

Questions 1, 4 and 7 (Problem Solving)

Developing Draw a shape with specified angles. No more than two of each; acute and obtuse or right-angle.

Expected Draw a shape with specified angles. Differing amounts of each; acute and obtuse or right-angle.

Greater Depth Draw a shape with specified angles. Differing amounts of each; acute and obtuse or right-angle and some which may require curved sides.

Questions 2, 5 and 8 (Problem Solving)

Developing Make a table to show how many of each type of angle are in the shape. Acute and obtuse or right-angles in one shape.

Expected Make a table to show how many of each type of angle are in the shape. Acute and obtuse or right-angles in two shapes.

Greater Depth Make a table to show how many of each type of angle are in the shape. Acute and obtuse or right-angles in two shapes with some curved sides.

Questions 3, 6 and 9 (Reasoning)

Developing Explain the error a child has made when discussing the types of angles in a shape.

Expected Explain the error two children have or have not made when discussing the types of angles in a shape. One child correctly describing the angles.

Greater Depth Explain the error two children have made when discussing the types of angles in a shape. Both children could be right or wrong.

More resources which follow the same small steps as White Rose.

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## Reasoning and Problem Solving - Compare Angles

1a. Draw a shape with... 1b. Draw a shape with... 2 obtuse angles 1 right angle 2 acute angles 2 acute angles 90 degree angle cut out given for reference. 90 degree angle cut out given for reference. 2a. Make a table to show how many of 2b. Make a table to show how many of each type of angle you can find in this each type of angle you can find in this shape: shape: 3b. Year 3 have been asked to describe 3a. Year 3 have been asked to describe the angles in this shape: the angles in this shape: Jason says: Aaron says: It has 3 angles. So that means it It has 4 angles that are quite has 1 of each type of angle. big, so they must be obtuse.

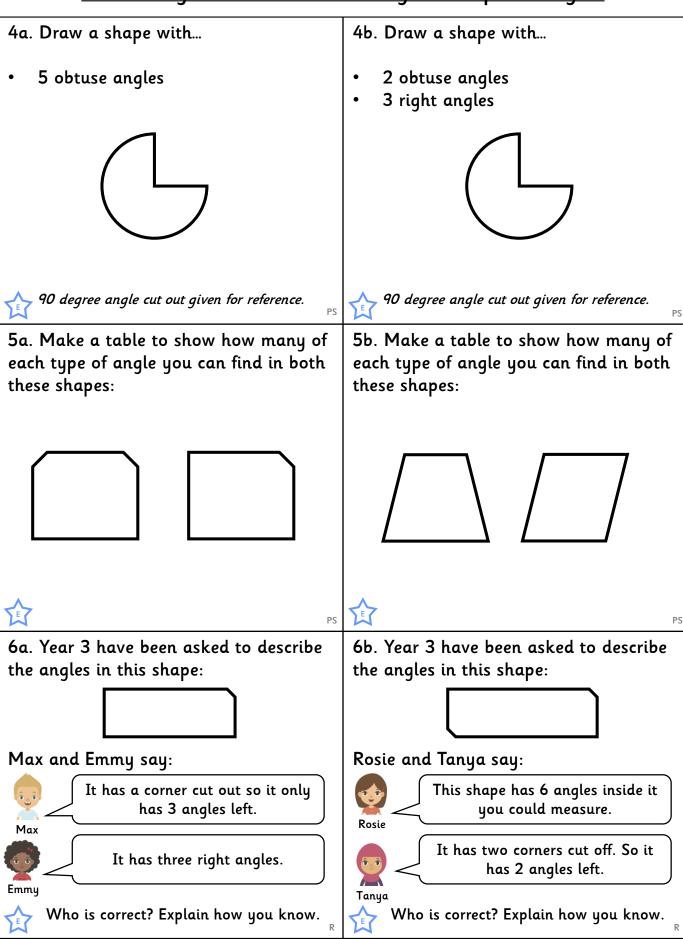
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Is he correct? Explain how you know.

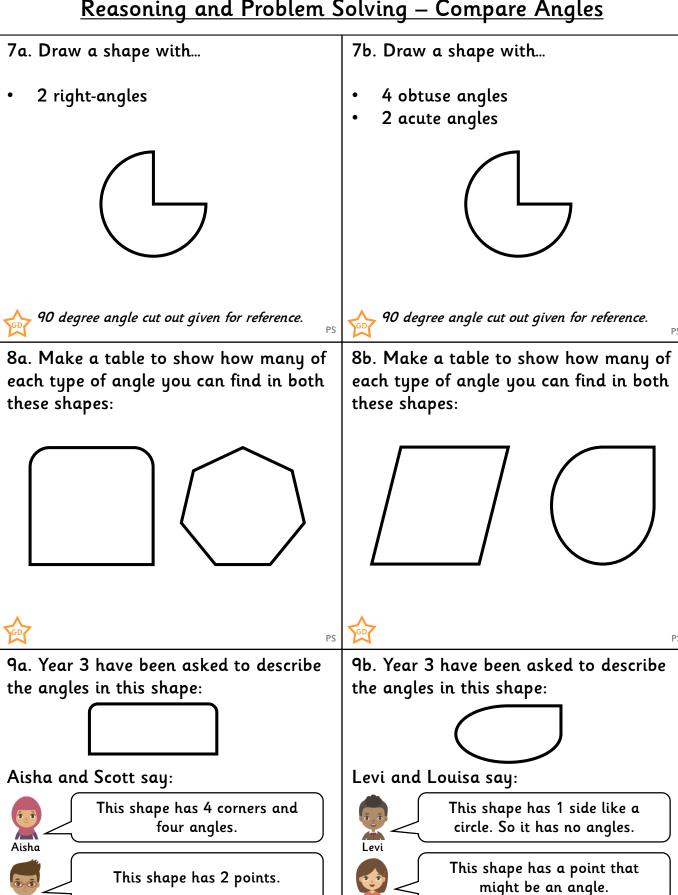
Is he correct? Explain how you know.

## Reasoning and Problem Solving - Compare Angles





## Reasoning and Problem Solving — Compare Angles



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Who is correct? Explain how you know.

Scott

Louisa

Who is correct? Explain how you know.

## Reasoning and Problem Solving - Compare Angles

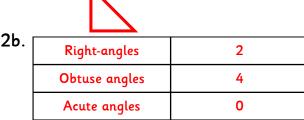
#### Developing

2a.

1a. Example answer:

Right-angles 0
Obtuse angles 2

1b. Example answer:



3a. Jason is wrong because his shape has 4 right angles.

3b. Aaron is wrong. The shape has a right angle and two acute angles.

#### **Expected**

4a. Example answer:



Acute angles

5a. Right-angles 5
Obtuse angles 6
Acute angles 0

4b. Example answer:



5b.	Right-angles	0
	Obtuse angles	4
	Acute angles	4

6a. Max is wrong and Emmy is right. The shape has 3 right angles and 2 obtuse angles.

6b. Rosie is right, Tanya is wrong. The shape does have 6 internal angles.

#### **Greater Depth**

7a. Example answer:



8a.	Right-angles	2
	Obtuse angles	7
	Acute angles	0

7b. Example answer:



8b.	Right-angles	1
	Obtuse angles	2
	Acute angles	2

**9a**. Aisha is wrong. Scott is not using correct vocabulary. The shape has two corners (not points) which are right-angles.

9b. Levi is wrong. The shape has a circular looking side but it still has one corner as well. Louisa is also wrong as the shape has a corner (not a point).

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